

3.4 TRAVELLING SALESMAN PROBLEM

GIVEN A WEIGHTED GRAPH G

(1) DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT G IS HAMILTONIAN.

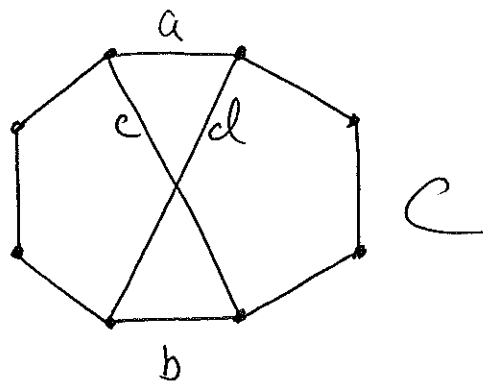
AND

(2) IF SO, FIND AN OPTIMAL (I.E. LOWEST WEIGHT) HAMILTONIAN CYCLE IN G .

AS WE'VE SEEN THERE IS NO SIMPLE (NECESSARY AND SUFFICIENT) CRITERION FOR (1). THERE IS ALSO NO KNOWN EFFICIENT (I.E. POLYNOMIAL TIME) ALGORITHM FOR (2).

IF G IS A COMPLETE GRAPH THEN G IS KNOWN TO BE HAMILTONIAN, SO (1) IS NOT.

IN THIS CASE THERE IS AN ^{EFFICIENT} ALGORITHM FOR FINDING A REASONABLE (I.E. NOT NECESSARILY OPTIMAL, BUT PRETTY GOOD) SOLUTION TO (2).



TWO OPTIMAL - METHODS

GIVEN A HAMILTONIAN CYCLE C IN A WEIGHTED COMPLETE GRAPH, AND EDGES c, d AS ABOVE:

$$\text{if } w(c) + w(d) < w(a) + w(b) \\ C \leftarrow C - \{a, b\} + \{c, d\}$$

REPEAT THIS PROCEDURE UNTIL NO FURTHER IMPROVEMENTS CAN BE MADE.

EXERCISE

CREATE AN EXAMPLE WHERE THE TWO - OPTIMAL METHOD DOES NOT FIND THE OPTIMAL HAMILTONIAN CYCLE.

i.e. A WEIGHTED COMPLETE GRAPH, WITH AN INITIAL HAMILTONIAN CYCLE. TRACE THE ALGORITHM TO FIND AN IMPROVED CYCLE, THEN DISPLAY AN EVEN BETTER CYCLE.

READ: CLOSEST INSERTION ALGORITHM.