

### Possibly Useful Formulas

Ohm's Law  $I = V / R$

Power Law  $P = V \times I$

Resistors in series  $R_{eq}=R_1+R_2$

Resistors in parallel  $R_{eq} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2}} = \frac{R_1 R_2}{R_1 + R_2}$

Capacitors in series  $C_{eq} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{C_2}} = \frac{C_1 C_2}{C_1 + C_2}$

Capacitors in parallel  $C_{eq}=C_1+C_2$

Inductors in Series  $L_{eq}=L_1+L_2$

Inductors in Parallel  $L_{eq} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{L_1} + \frac{1}{L_2}} = \frac{L_1 L_2}{L_1 + L_2}$

Impedance of an inductor  $|Z_L| = 2\pi fL$

Impedance of a Capacitor  $|Z_C| = \frac{1}{2\pi fC}$

RC Time constant  $\tau = R \times C$

RL Time constant  $\tau = L / R$

L-C Resonant Frequency  $f = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}}$

Sine Waves  $V(t)=V_m\sin(2\pi ft)$

$$V_{RMS} = \frac{V_m}{\sqrt{2}} \text{ Where } V_m \text{ is the amplitude of the wave.}$$

$$I_{RMS} = \frac{I_m}{\sqrt{2}} \text{ Where } I_m \text{ is the amplitude of the wave.}$$

Period  $T = \frac{1}{f} \quad \omega = 2\pi f$

Electron Charge  $e^- = 1.6 \times 10^{-19}$

Duty Cycle             $D = T_{\text{on}} / T_{\text{period}}$

Mega	$10^6$
Kilo	$10^3$
Milli	$10^{-3}$
Micro	$10^{-6}$
Nano	$10^{-9}$
Pico	$10^{-12}$